

Open Research for Marine Biodiversity

**Mobilising existing data to address the
biodiversity and climate crises**

Tom Webb, October 2021

The end result

A paper built with Open Research

Ecology and Evolution

Open Access

ORIGINAL RESEARCH |  Open Access |  

Occupancy-derived thermal affinities reflect known physiological thermal limits of marine species

Thomas J. Webb , Aaron Lines, Leigh M. Howarth,

First published: 15 June 2020 | <https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.6407> | Citations: 2

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Thermal affinity of marine species

What is it, and why is it important?

- Organisms of all species have a preferred range of environmental temperatures
- They suffer, and may die, if you put them in temperatures hotter (or colder) than this
- We know we are making the seas warmer
- Knowing the thermal affinities of marine species helps to predict how communities will respond to this
- This is important for biodiversity, and for ecosystem services such as fisheries

Thermal affinity of marine species

How can we measure it?

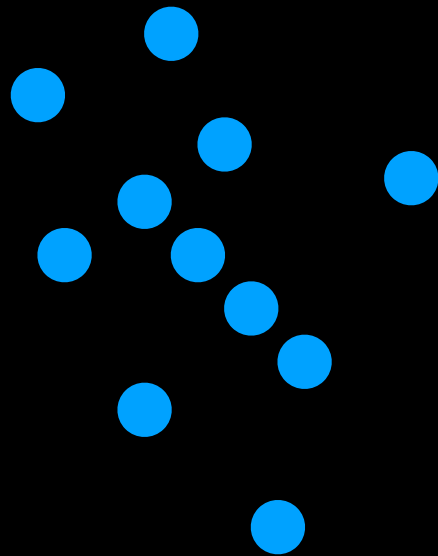
- Gold Standard: Experimentally expose organisms to a range of temperatures and monitor their responses
- This is difficult, expensive, and can be ethically problematic
- People have done this for a few hundred species
- Others have collated all this data into meta-analyses and made it openly available
- But there are ~250,000 described marine species - experiments will never catch up

Thermal affinity of marine species

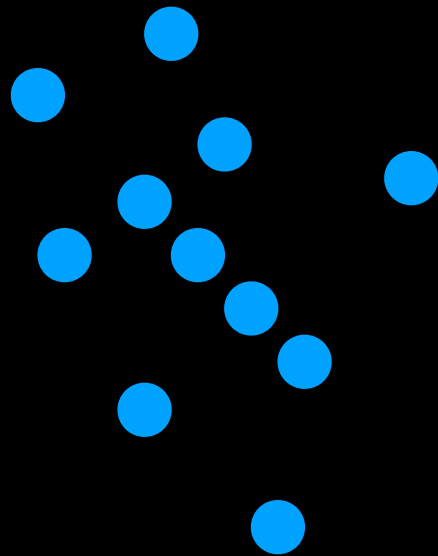
A short cut using open data and tools

If we know where organisms live, and we if know the environmental temperature in those locations - can we use this to assess thermal affinity for a larger range of marine species?

Occurrence records for
a species - where does
it live?

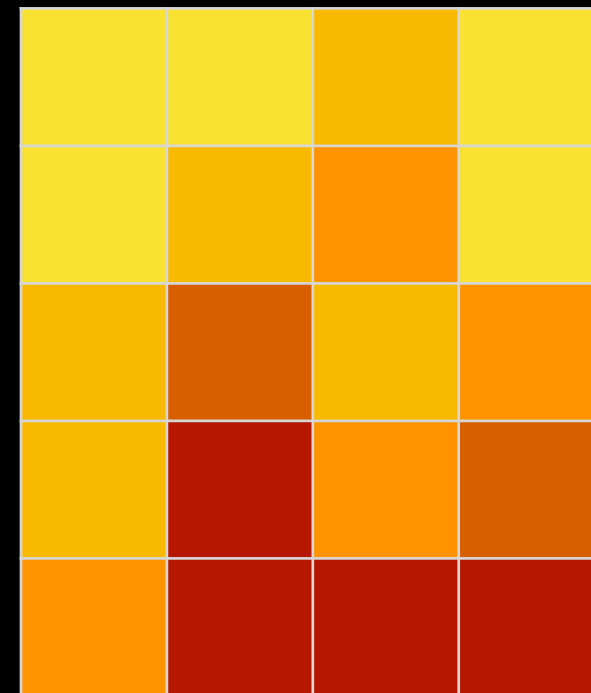


Occurrence records for
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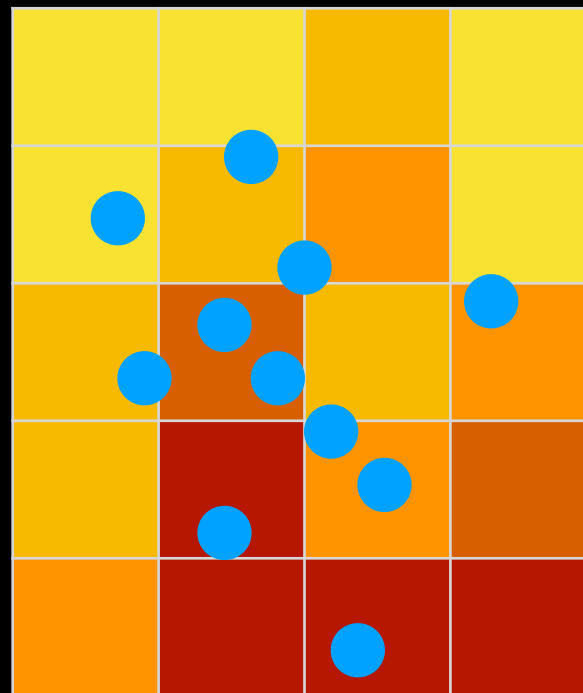


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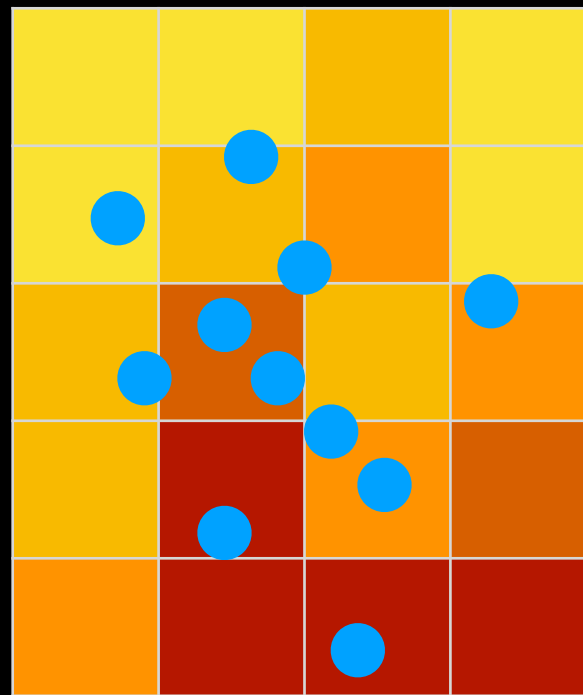
Gridded sea temperature
dataset - what are the
environmental conditions?



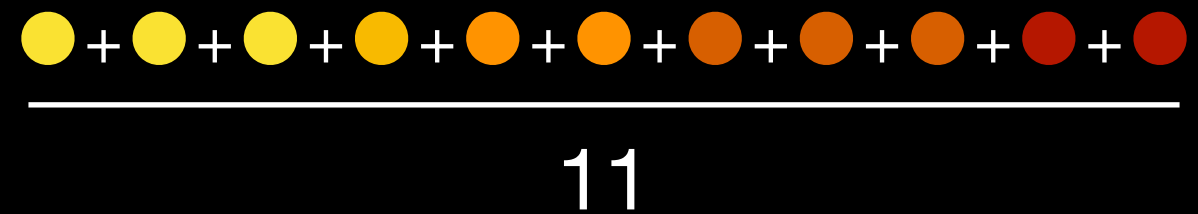
Temperature of Occurrences



Temperature of Occurrences



Thermal affinity =
average temperature of
occurrences



**Operationalising the
concept using Open
Research infrastructure**



World Register of Marine Species

<http://marinespecies.org/>

Taxonomy, species traits



<https://obis.org/>

Species occurrences

Bio-ORACLE

Marine data layers for ecological modelling

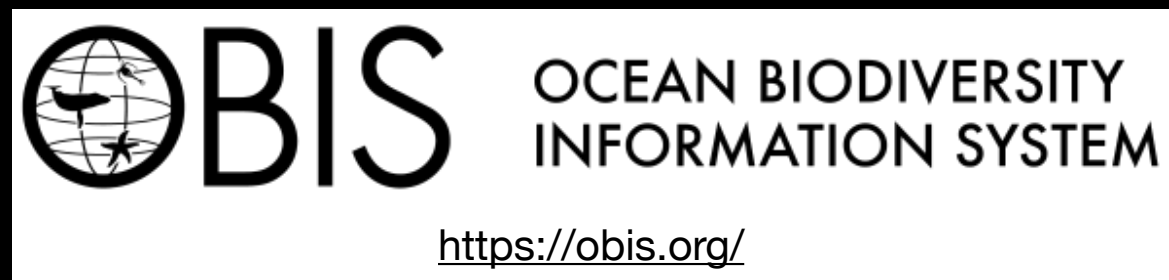
<https://www.bio-oracle.org/>

Sea temperature



World Register of Marine Species

<http://marinespecies.org/>



<https://obis.org/>

Bio-ORACLE

Marine data layers for ecological modelling

<https://www.bio-oracle.org/>

Free and Open Source software
environment for statistical computing
and graphics



<https://www.r-project.org/>

WORMS

World Register of Marine Species

<http://marinespecies.org/>

IDE



<https://www.rstudio.com/>

Data Science

Tidyverse

<https://www.tidyverse.org/>



<https://obis.org/>

Bio-ORACLE

Marine data layers for ecological modelling

<https://www.bio-oracle.org/>



<https://www.r-project.org/>

Spatial Data



<https://github.com/rsatial>

Documentation

R Markdown

from  Studio

<https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/>

API Access

OpenSci

<https://ropensci.org/>

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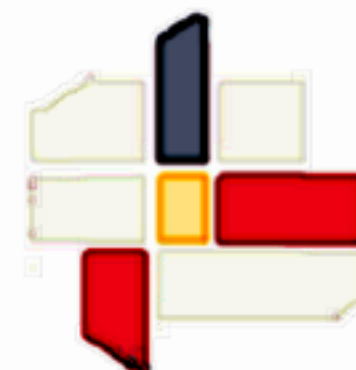
Marine data layers for ecological modelling

<https://www.bio-oracle.org/>



<https://www.r-project.org/>

Spatial Data



<https://github.com/rspsatial>

Version Control & Hosting



<https://github.com/>

Documentation

R Markdown

from  Studio

<https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/>

API Access

R OpenSci

<https://ropensci.org/>

Outputs

The paper

Ecology and Evolution

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Open Research

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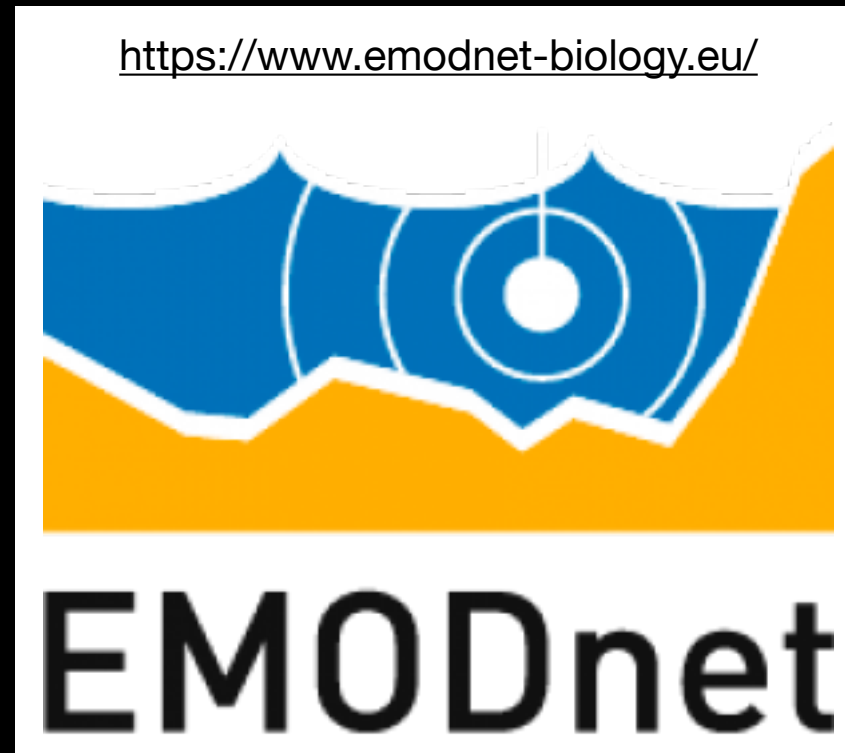


DATA AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

A major aim of this work is to make the tools required to replicate, adapt, and extend the methods presented freely available to the community. Our work uses existing publicly available data, and we show users how to access the same data from within the open source statistical environment R. Processed datasets and code for analysis and visualization are available via GitHub (<https://github.com/tomjwebb/occurrence-derived-thermal-affinity>) and are also deposited in Figshare via the University of Sheffield's Online Research Data repository, <https://doi.org/10.15131/shef.data.12249686> .

<https://github.com/tomjwebb/occurrence-derived-thermal-affinity>
<https://doi.org/10.15131/shef.data.12249686>

Further data products



Unlocking European Marine Biodiversity Data

Extension to all European marine species: <https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.6407>

Extension to seabed habitats: <https://github.com/EMODnet/EMODnet-Biology-Benthic-Habitats-Occurrences-Traits>

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the tools to take our work further**

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